

# **Hepatitis Diet Chart**

# **Morning (Empty Stomach)**

- Tea / Coffee
- Turmeric Milk
- Lemon Water
- Ginger Tea



# **Evening**

- Ginger Tea / Coffee
- Green Vegetable Soup
- Coconut water
- Lemon Water
- Fruit Juice/ Prune Juice
- Tomato Juice
- Roasted Chana, Singdana



# **Breakfast**

### Acute Phase

- Rice Dhokla
- Boiled Moong
- Green leafy Vegetable soup + Dalia + Curd
- Chana bowl + Dahi / Raita
- Idlis 2 to 4 pieces with Coconut chutney

#### **Initial Phase**

- Vegetable Poha + Fruits
- Upma
- Uttapam
- Fruit juice (Pomegranate Juice, Cranberry Juice, Grape Juice and Tomato Juice)
- Soaked Kaju, Badam, Pista Dry fruits

# Recovery Phase

- Boil Eggs
- Soaked Dryfruits
- Omlet 2
- Green leafy vegetable soup + oats +
- Fruit bowl (oranges, papaya, apple, strawberries, pomegranate, berries)



# **Lunch / Dinner**

#### **Acute Phase**

- Oats + Curd
- Mix vegetable soft Dalia khichdi
- Khichdi + Kadhi
- Lauki handvo

#### **Initial Phase**

- Rice with mixed dal
- Boiled Vegetables + Handwa / Dhokla / Muthiya + Curd, Soft Methi and Palak Puda
- Rice + Moong Dal Khaman

### Recovery phase

- Daliya with sunflower seeds or pumpkin seeds
- Green sabji roti, Aloo paratha and
  Curd rice
- Jowar Bajri Ragi Roti / Rice with All green vegetables Sabji, Green Sabii. Curd and Salad.
- Jowar Bajri Ragi Roti / Rice with Rajma / Vaal / Chana / Kathor, Sabji, Curd, Boil Salad
- Lauki pudla, Lauki paratha,
   Thepla, Oats and Soft khichdi with
- curd
   Khichdi + Kadhi

### Foods to Focus On:

- Hydration: Water, Coconut water, Clear broths, and Oral Rehydration Solutions (ORS) are
  crucial for preventing dehydration. Take lots of water. Plain or Lemon, with our without salt.
- Easily Digestible Foods: White rice, Rrice and Mung Dal based Items, Well Boiled Egg white, Curd and well-cooked vegetables like Carrots, Potatos and Lauki .
- Protein Sources: Boiled Eggs, Mashed Dal and Curd.
- Vitamin C Rich Fruits: Papaya, guava, strawberries and all other berries can help to boost the immune system.
- Fruits and Vegetables: Incorporate a variety of fruits and vegetables, especially those rich in vitamins and minerals, like leafy greens, broccoli, and berries. Avoid fruit Juices, use mashed fruit instead
- Nuts and Seeds: A handful of nuts and seeds can provide healthy fats and protein.
- You feel hungry in morning and less in evening, so take more food in the morning time.
- If you feel hungry in between meals, than take fruits, vegetables in mashed form. Soup, boiled or some rice-based item.
- If you are vomiting, take and anti-vomiting tablet before food
- Contact you doctor for vomiting.

### **Foods to Avoid**

- Oily and Fried Foods: These can be difficult to digest and may exacerbate nausea or vomiting.
- Spicy Foods: Spices can irritate the stomach and potentially lead to bleeding.
- Sugary Drinks and Processed Foods: These offer little nutritional value and may worsen symptoms.
- Red Meat: Non-vegetarian options like red meat are generally discouraged due to their difficulty.
- Caffeinated and Alcoholic Beverages: These can dehydrate the body and interfere with recovery.